THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAM (CISAP)

As Prepared By:

The Construction Industry Substance Abuse Program (CISAP) Committee

"The purpose of the substance abuse program is to establish and maintain a drug free, alcohol free, safe, healthy work environment for all of its employees."

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I. POLICY STATEMENT

The Parties recognize the problems created by drug and alcohol abuse and the need to develop prevention and treatment programs. "Unions & Contractors Associations" have a commitment to protect people and property, and to provide a safe working environment. The purpose of the following program is to establish and maintain a drug free, alcohol free, safe healthy work environment for all of its employees. All tests are for the sole purpose of drug and alcohol screening and cannot be used for any other screening or identifying medical information about the employee.

II. DEFINITIONS

- A) Accident/Incident –For the purpose of the CISAP policy, an accident/incident is considered to be an unplanned or unintended event that occurs on company property, during the conduct of company's business, or during scheduled work hours, or which involves company supplied motor vehicles that are used in conducting business, or is within the scope of employment, and which results in any of the seven (7) situations:
 - 1) A fatality of anyone involved in the accident/incident;
 - 2) Bodily injury to the employee and/or another person that requires off-site medical attention away from the company's designated place of employment/worksite;
 - 3) Any accident/incident in which the driver is cited and there is disabling damage to the vehicle(s) requiring tow-away;
 - 4) Any accident/incident in which the driver is cited and off-site medical attention is required:
 - 5) Vehicular damage in apparent excess of \$1000.00;
 - 6) Non-vehicular damage to any company property (i.e. tools, materials, etc.) in apparent excess of \$750.00;
 - 7) Any event resulting, or could have resulted, in injury to a person or property to which an employee, or contractor/contractor's employees, contributed as a direct or indirect cause.
- B) <u>Adulterated or Substituted Specimen</u> A urine screening, which has been substituted or tampered with to cover the true results. This will be considered a positive test.
- C) <u>Collection Facility/Site</u> Approved location where participants can provide a specimen for testing.
- D) <u>Company Premises</u> The term "Company Premises" as used in this policy includes all property, facilities, land, building, structures, automobiles, trucks and other vehicles owned, leased or used by the company. Construction job sites for which the company has responsibility are included.
- E) <u>Computer Generated Selection Testing (CGST)</u> Third party administrator will randomly select participants to be tested through a computer generated selection process.
- F) <u>CGST Testing Pool</u> All participating members (labor and management) will be subject to CGST selection.
- G) Construction Industry Substance Abuse Program (CISAP) This policy in its entirety.
- H) <u>Designated Representatives (DR's)</u> Are contact persons appointed by companies and unions to work directly with the program's Third Party Administrator (TPA). A company's DR

- and union's DR are to work together for the successful management of the program. All DR's are to keep privileged substance abuse information confidential.
- I) <u>Dilute Specimen</u> A dilute specimen with a valid, negative laboratory result shall be treated as a negative program test. A dilute specimen with a MRO confirmed positive laboratory result, shall be treated as a positive program test. Recollection of a dilute specimen shall be deemed necessary only when the creatinine concentration of the original specimen is equal to or greater than 2mg/dl but less than or equal to 5mg/dl.
- J) <u>Drug Paraphernalia</u> Equipment, products and materials of any kind which are used, intended for use or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing or concealing, or ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing into the human body, any controlled substance.
- K) <u>Eligible Database system status referring to an employee who is validated as a participant in the Construction Industry Substance Abuse Program.</u>
- L) <u>Employee</u> Individuals, who perform work for (Company Name), including, but not limited to, management, supervision, engineering, craft workers and clerical personnel.
- M) Employee Assistance Program / Member Assistance Program (EAP/MAP) An EAP/MAP is intended to prevent or address substance abuse problems and may assist employees/union members and their eligible family members with interpersonal conflicts, family problems, workplace crises, eldercare stresses, psychological problems and financial management. The EAP/MAP is able to provide voluntary and confidential counseling services.
- N) <u>Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)</u> A state-of-the-art test used to confirm the presence and amount of an identified drug/metabolite in a urine specimen.
- O) <u>Inactive Status</u> A CISAP participant can request an inactive status when leaving the area or employment with a CISAP contractor. Inactive Status requires confirmation from a union Designated Representative or a CISAP Contractor Designated Representative.
- P) <u>Incident</u> An event, which has all the attributes of an accident, except that no harm was caused to person or property.
- Q) <u>Ineligible</u> Database system status referring to an employee who is not validated as a participant in the Construction Industry Substance Abuse Program. (An ineligible employee should contact the third party administrator or his or her Designated Representative.)
- R) Intoxicant A substance that alters a person's mental and/or physical acuity.
- S) Medical Review Officer (MRO) A licensed physician, qualified by either AAMRO or MROCF, who is responsible for receiving laboratory results and determining if there is a medical explanation for the presence of drugs/metabolites in the donor's urine. This physician must have knowledge of substance use disorders and appropriate medical training to interpret an individual's confirmed positive test result, together with his/her medical history and any other relevant medical information.

- T) Negative Drug Test A test acceptable for employment.
- U) Positive Drug Test A test, which exceeds the cut-off limits, within the established guidelines as defined under definition EE. Or a test that has been tampered with in any way (adulterated specimen). Medicines prescribed or purchased in a foreign country may cause a positive drug test.
- V) <u>Prohibited Substances</u> Prohibited substances include illegal drugs (including controlled substances, look-alike drugs and designer drugs), and alcoholic beverages in the possession of or being used by an employee on the job.
- W) Reasonable Cause When a trained supervisor has reason o believe that an employee has reported to work under the influence of alcohol, or an illegal/controlled substance.
- X) Re-analysis A challenge of a positive drug test can be requested by the employee who is responsible for payment. A split sample of the original test can be examined by a SAMHSA certified laboratory of the employee's choice. If the re-analysis reverses the result, the program will absorb the cost and the employee will be reimbursed all costs associated with reanalysis. There is no appeal procedure for alcohol collected by a Breath Alcohol test.
- Y) Return-to-Duty Test Testing required to reinstate eligibility in the program after a positive test. The Return-to-Duty Test is taken at the expense of the employee.
- Z) <u>Split Specimen</u> Specimen taken at the collection site will be separated into two samples. Both samples will be appropriately marked with the employee's identification.
- AA) <u>Substance Abuse Professional (SAP)</u> A qualified professional includes: licensed physicians, licensed/certified psychologists, social workers, employee assistance professionals and certified addiction counselors with knowledge of and clinical experience in the diagnosis and treatment of alcohol/drug-related disorders.
- BB) Synthetic / Designer Drugs Synthetic substances that mimic legal or illegal drugs that are made in laboratories where the molecular structure is altered to create a drug that may or may not be specifically banned by law. These can cause seizures, hallucinations and death. Many states have banned the sale, use or possession of these substances, but the legality is not the determining factor
- CC) Third Party Administrator (TPA) An independent entity that administers the CISAP's collections, analysis, reporting, maintenance of records and all confidential information for each participating group. The TPA is pre-qualified and determined by each union and its corresponding Contractor's Association.

<u>DD) Under the Influence of a Prohibited Substance</u> – "Under the influence of a prohibited substance" as used by this policy, means the following:

- 1) Alcohol Blood or Breath alcohol level of .04 or as determined by the owner.
- 2) <u>Other Prohibited Specimen</u> Positive results based on the following thresholds for urine split sample testing

*NOTES

Marijuana (Incl. Medical)

a)

- Medicines purchased in a foreign country may cause a positive drug test.
- This program recognizes some state laws permit the use of marijuana either for medical or recreational purposes. However, the Federal Government continues to classify Marijuana as a Schedule 1 Controlled Substance, thereby making it illegal to use for any purpose under federal law. Therefore, any marijuana use is strictly prohibited under the terms of this program.

50 ng/ml initial screen and

٠.,	<u>,,</u>	15 ng/ml confirmatory test
b)	Cocaine (Metabolite)-	150 ng/ml initial screen and 100 ng/ml confirmatory test
c)	Opiates 6-Acetylmorphine	300 ng/ml initial screen and 300 ng/ml confirmatory test 10 ng/ml initial screen and 10 ng/ml confirmatory test
d)	<u>Phencyclidine</u>	25 ng/ml initial screen and 25 ng/ml confirmatory test
e)	Amphetamines Ecstasy	500 ng/ml initial screen and 250 ng/ml confirmatory test 500 ng/ml initial screen and 250 ng/ml confirmatory test
f)	<u>Barbiturates</u>	300 ng/ml initial screen and 200 ng/ml confirmatory test
g)	<u>Benzodiazepines</u>	300 ng/ml initial screen and 300 ng/ml confirmatory test
h)	<u>Methadone</u>	300 ng/ml initial screen and 300 ng/ml confirmatory test
i)	<u>Propoxyphene</u>	300 ng/ml initial screen and 300 ng/ml confirmatory test
j)	<u>Oxycodone</u>	100 ng/ml initial screen and 100 ng/ml confirmatory test

k) Levels for other prohibited substances shall be according to accepted scientific standards.

EE) Initial Test vs. Confirmation Test -

There are two types of urine drug tests: an initial screening and a confirmatory test. The initial test uses an immunoassay to look for the parent drug and/or metabolite. The confirmatory urine drug test is done by gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS); this test is highly specific and is typically used when testing for the presence of a specific drug is needed.

- 1) Initial test: an immunoassay screen to eliminate "negative" urine specimens from further consideration.
- Confirmatory Test: a second analytical procedure to identify the presence of a specific drug which is independent of the initial drug test and which uses a different technique and chemical principle in order to ensure reliability and accuracy.

FF) Voluntary Drug/Alcohol Test-

The parties to this policy and program agree that under certain circumstances, the employer will find it necessary to conduct drug and alcohol testing. Program testing will be administered by a pre-qualified TPA determined by each union and its corresponding Contractor's Association. Records of such tests shall be maintained by the Third Party Administrator. For all participants covered by the appropriate collective bargaining agreement, all costs for collection, analysis, reporting, maintenance of records, and notifications shall be borne by Union / Contractor's Associations unless otherwise noted in this program. Securing the drug screen test shall be the applicant's responsibility and shall be performed on his/her time. The primary testing methodology for the CISAP is urinalysis, alternative collection methods can be utilized on a case by case basis. The frequency of program testing may be increased based on requirements legitimately mandated by owners.

III. PROGRAM TEST TYPES

Testing may be initiated under the following circumstances. A refusal to test is considered a positive test and the individual will be subject to corrective actions. An additional drug and/or alcohol test(s) outside of the policy requirements may be administered at the cost of the owner. Each participant will be required to sign a consent and a chain of custody form, assuring proper documentation and accuracy.

A) Initial Test

An initial/pre-employment test is required to participate in the program.

B) Annual Test

In order to remain eligible, the participant must resubmit before his/her test expires. Negative tests are valid one year from test date.

- C) Computer Generated Selection Testing (CGST)
 Selection of employees for CGST Drug testing will be conducted through the use of a
 CGST number generator or other neutral selection process. The Third Party Administrator
 will randomly select and test a minimum of 25% of the participants annually by CGST.
 - 1) Excused from Testing A CISAP participant is allowed two (2) lifetime validated excuses for missing a Computer Generated Selection Test (CGST/Random), after which failure to show up for a CGST would be considered a policy violation (refer to VI Corrective Action, B) 5).)

2) Reason for missing a CGST must be validated and required documentation be provided to the Designated Representative to justify granting an excuse.

D) Post-Accident/Incident

An employer is required to conduct post-accident/incident alcohol and other drug testing for anyone who may have caused or contributed to an accident/incident. An employer does not have to conduct a post-accident/incident drug test if <u>ALL</u> of the following conditions exist:

- i) The accident/incident resulted in no injury or a minor injury
- ii) There was no violation of work rules
- iii) An accident/incident investigation determined there was no reasonable suspicion related to the accident/incident
- iv) The accident/incident is considered normal in relationship to the job functions of the injured employee

Post-accident/incident testing is at the cost of the employer.

E) Reasonable Cause

A test may be administered in the event a trained supervisor has reasonable cause to believe that an employee has reported to work under the influence, possesses drug paraphernalia, or is or has been under the influence while on the job; or has violated this drug policy. During the process of establishing reasonable cause for testing, the employee has the right to request his onsite union representative to be present. If on-site representation is not available, all efforts will be made to contact representation from the employee's union. For cause testing is at the expense of the employer. The Testing Procedures are:

- Step 1: Preparation
 - i. Where appropriate remove employee away from safety-sensitive activity
 - ii. Complete documentation (for Reasonable Suspicion use Check List)
 - iii. Determine which test(s) to order (drug and/or alcohol)
 - iv. Gather necessary paperwork and supplies to give the employee
 - v. Call TPA to send authorization forms to the collection site
 - vi. Arrange for transportation
- 2) Step 2: Communicate with the appropriate persons present Union Representative, Human Resources, Designated Representatives, etc.
- 3) Step 3: Inform the Employee
 - i. Give necessary forms and supplies to employee and be sure you are taking the employee to a CISAP TPA collection facility
 - ii. Inform employee that he/she must show photo ID
- 4) Step 4: Transportation: Union representative or employer shall provide transportation to and from collection facility then arrange transportation home
- 5) Step 5: Follow up
 - i. Ensure that the test was completed
 - ii. Monitor the confidential transmission of the test results
 - iii. Document any problems and proceed according to policy guidelines.

Note: The CISAP requires that a checklist report be completed and submitted within 24 hours to the TPA, as well as union & employer Designated Representatives for any Reasonable Cause test. A form is attached as Appendix A. Employers are responsible to request and pay for reasonable suspicion and post-accident/incident testing.

F) Return to Duty

The return to duty test is required for a participant to reinstate into the program after a positive test and completion of a prescribed treatment program. The employee is responsible for the cost of the Return-to-Duty test.

G) Accelerated Random Testing

Testing may be required as part of a follow-up to counseling or rehabilitation for substance abuse. Employees returning to work after successfully completing a rehabilitation program will be subject to additional drug/alcohol tests without prior notice. The participant will be subject to a minimum of four (4) additional random tests as prescribed by the Employee Assistance Program (EAP) for a period of one year as a condition of further employment.

H) Re-analysis

In the case of a positive test result, the employee shall have the opportunity to contest the result within 72 hours of the MRO notification by having an appropriate portion of the split sample reanalyzed at a SAMHSA certified laboratory selected by the employee. If a donor did not provide specimen quantities required for a split specimen (45-60ml) the donor will waive their right to have the "B" sample reanalyzed but may use the original "A" sample. There is no appeal procedure for alcohol collected by a Breath Alcohol test.

IV. TESTING PROCEDURES

A) Samples

All samples for testing will be taken by appropriately qualified personnel. Urine specimens taken will be split into two samples. Each sample will be appropriately marked with the employee's identification.

B) Privacy

To the greatest extent possible, the privacy of the employee will be preserved while the sample(s) to be tested are taken. However, some precautions will help to ensure that pure specimens are obtained.

C) Screening

The initial screening will be by immunoassay and require gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS) for confirmation

D) Adulteration or Substitution

Adulteration or Substitution of a specimen shall be treated as a positive test. If a sample is unable to be analyzed by the laboratory (inadequate, dilute, lack of sample, , out of temperature, etc.) employees will have the option of having one additional test within 72 hours. A second sample unable to be analyzed by the laboratory may require another type of test; this will be at the employee's expense unless a valid medical reason by a medical professional for the inadequate samples is provided.

E) Reports

Reports shall be made in writing and sent to the single person designated by the employer and designated by the union after The Medical Review Officer (MRO) review.

F) Medical Review Officer (MRO)

The MRO is a licensed physician who has knowledge of substance abuse disorders. The MRO must be certified by either the American Association of Medical Review Officers (AAMRO) or the American College of Occupational and Environmental Medicine (ACOEM). The MRO shall:

- 1) Review and verify a laboratory positive test result.
- 2) Contact the individual within 24 hours to discuss the reasons why their test result might be positive.
- 3) Review the individual's medical record as provided by or at the arrangement of the tested individual as appropriate.
- 4) Confirm the laboratory result.
- 5) In the case of urine testing, only those specimens which show positive results on both the initial screening and the confirmatory test shall be reported as positive, pending MRO review and verification. The completed chain of custody form shall accompany any positive report, and copies of analytical reports shall be available to the employee.
- 6) Notify the Third Party Administrator (TPA) of all positive tests results. All records of test reviewed by the MRO and supporting documentation will be forwarded to and maintained by the TPA.

Samples shall be properly stored at all times. All samples reported as positive will be stored frozen for at least 365 days. All handling and transportation of each specimen will be properly documented through strict chain of custody procedures.

V. CONFIDENTIALITY

All actions taken under this program will be strictly confidential and disclosed only to those with a "need to know".

VI. RULES – CORRECTIVE ACTIONS – GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES

A) Rules

All employees must report to work in a physical condition that will enable them to perform their jobs in a safe and efficient manner. Employees shall not:

- 1) Use, possess, dispense or receive prohibited substances on or at the job site; or
- 2) Report to work while under the influence of an intoxicant, a prescription medication or a prohibited substance which may impair the performance of their job duties, either mental or physical.

B) Corrective Action

When the company has reasonable suspicion to believe an employee is under the influence of an intoxicant or a prohibited substance, for reasons of safety, the employee may be suspended until test results are available. If the test results prove negative, the employee shall be reinstated with back pay for all hours missed. In other cases:

1) Individuals testing positive for drug and/or alcohol use under III. A) may be suspended from consideration as required by the customer or facility owner.

- 2) Employees will be required to cooperate with testing requests, testing procedures, and to sign the required consent and chain of custody forms as a condition of continued employment or will otherwise be terminated.
- 3) Employees found in possession of drugs Synthetic/Designer, or Unauthorized Drugs on the work site shall be in violation of this policy and shall be subject to corrective action.
- 4) Employees found to be under the influence of a prohibited substance, including alcohol, while on duty or operating a company vehicle shall be subject to corrective action as provided by subsection 5 of this section.
- 5) The following stages of corrective action shall be imposed:
 - a) On the first violation of this policy, the employee will be ineligible to work under this program. To be eligible to return to work the employee must participate in a Substance Abuse Education/Treatment Program and provide a negative return to duty test. The SAP must provide written authorization for the return to duty test. The employee must complete the Substance Abuse Education/Treatment Program. The employee will be subject to CGST testing a minimum of four times or as recommended by the testing medical health professional over a one year period as a condition of further employment.
 - b) On the second violation of this policy, the employee will be suspended by the employer for thirty (30) days without pay. To be eligible to return to work the employee must complete a Substance Abuse Education/Treatment Program and provide a negative return to duty test. The SAP must provide written authorization for the return to duty test. The employee will be subject to CGST testing a minimum of four times or as recommended by the testing medical health professional during over a one year period as a condition of further employment.
 - c) On third and subsequent violations of this policy, the employer will terminate the employee. The employee shall be suspended from the program for one year. To be eligible to return to work the employee must complete a Substance Abuse Education/Treatment Program and provide a negative return to duty test. The SAP must provide written authorization for the return to duty test. The employee will be subject to CGST testing a minimum of four times or as recommended by the testing medical health professional over a one year period as a condition of further employment. After the one year period the employee can be considered for employment by participating employers.
- 6) The Corrective Action procedure will revert back to "first violation" described in Section VI, paragraph B) 5) following three consecutive years of negative tests providing the employee continually participated in the program.
- 7) Sale and Distribution Any sale and/or distribution of a prohibited substance on Company property is grounds for immediate termination.
- 8) All aspects of this policy and program will be subject to the grievance procedure of the applicable collective bargaining agreements.

VII. REHABILITATION AND EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Employees are encouraged to seek help for a drug or alcohol problem before it requires corrective action. If an employee voluntarily notifies supervision that he or she may have a substance abuse problem, the company and/or union will refer the employee to their employee assistance program. In the absence of a current EAP contract, the company and/or union will assist in locating a suitable treatment provider and will counsel the employee regarding medical benefits available under the company or union health insurance program.

If treatment necessitates time away from work, the company shall provide the employee an unpaid leave of absence for purposes of participation in an agreed upon treatment program. An employee who successfully completes a rehabilitation program may be reinstated to his/her former employment status, if work for which he/she is qualified is available.

VIII. EMPLOYER AND EMPLOYEE TRAINING

CISAP Training Programs are intended to meet the requirements of the Ohio Bureau of Workers Compensation Drug Free Safety Program (BWC-DFSP) initiative regardless of the size of the company. All CISAP Contractor and Worker participants will be required to meet BWC-DFSP requirement in the first year regardless of the BWC-DFSP participation Level. It is the responsibility of the contractor to meet the training requirement at the appropriate participation level.

For more information on educational and training materials call your TPA, your trade Designated Representative (DR), or www.ohiobwc.com.

IX. POLICY

The Construction Industry Substance Abuse Policy and Program will be reviewed periodically by a joint Committee. The Committee will be comprised of equal representation from the participating unions and contractor association representatives. Any changes must be approved by the CISAP Drug, Alcohol Committee.

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X. Appendix A – Reasonable Cause Checklist

CISAP SUPERVISOR'S CHECKLIST FOR MAKING REASONABLE CAUSE DETERMINATION & REPORTING FORM

Employ	yee's name	Title:		
Local:		Location:		
Date(s):	Employe	er:	
	VING THE SIGNS: The indicators listed below a be observed by supervisors. Please check all ob			
Moods:			Has exaggerated sense of self-importance Avoids talking with supervisor regarding	
	Depressed		work issues	
	Anxious		Weight Loss	
	Irritable			
	Suspicious	Accide	ents:	
	Complains about others			
	Emotional unsteadiness (e.g., outbursts of		Taking of needless risks	
	anger/frustration/crying)		Disregard for safety of others	
	Mood changes after lunch or break	П	Higher than average accident rate on and	
	ŭ		off the job – accident prone	
Absen	teeism:			
		Work I	Patterns:	
	Acceleration of absenteeism and			
	tardiness, especially Mondays, Friday,		Inconsistency in quality of work	
	before and after holidays		High and low periods of productivity	
	Frequent unreported absences, later	П	Poor judgment/more mistakes than usual	
	explained as "emergencies"		and general carelessness	
	Unusually high incidence of colds, flus,		Lapses in concentration	
	upset stomach, headaches		Difficulty in recalling instructions	
	Frequent use of unscheduled vacation		Difficulty in remembering own mistakes	
	time	П	Using more time to complete	
	Leaving work area more than necessary		work/missing deadlines	
	(e.g., frequent trips to water fountain and		Increased difficulty in handling complex	
	bathroom)		situations	
	Unexplained disappearances from the job			
	with difficulty in locating employee	Relatio	onship to Others on the Job:	
	Requesting to leave work early for various	Rolatio	shoring to outlote on the ood.	
	reasons		Overreaction to real or imagined criticism	
			(paranoid)	
Action	s:	П	Avoiding and withdrawing from peers	
			Complaints from co-workers	
	Withdrawn or improperly talkative		Borrowing money from fellow employees	
	Spends excessive amount of time on the		Persistent job transfer requests	
	telephone		Complaints of problems at home such as	
	Argumentative; Displays violent behavior		separation, divorce and child discipline	

OBSERVING AND DOCUMENTING CURRENT INDICATORS

Patterns of any of the above conduct or combinations of conduct may occur but must be accompanied by indicators of impairment in order to establish "reasonable cause." Please check all indicators listed below that are **currently** present:

problems

CISAP SUPERVISOR'S CHECKLIST FOR REASONABLE CAUSE (CONTINUED)

	Constricted pupils	_			Bizarre behavior
	_ Drowsiness _ Dilated pupils	Inability	sively ac y to ver a or vor	balize	Violent behavior Needle/Burn marks
	Odor of alcohol Scratching	Irritable		-	Possession of paraphernalia (such as syringe,
	Nasal secretion Red or watering eyes	Argum Sweati			bent spoon, metal bottle cap, medicine dropper, glassine bag, paint can, glue tube, nitrite bulb, or aerosol can)
	_ Dizziness _ Involuntary eye movements	Difficul Yawnir		entrating	Possession of substance that appears to possibly be a
	_ Muscular in-coordination _ Sniffles	Slurred		h	drug or alcohol
Othe	ers:				
DET	ERMINING REASONABLE CAUSE				
-	u are able to document one or more of onable cause:	the indicators	above,	ask yourself th	ese questions to establish
Υ	N		Υ	N	
[]	[] Has some form of impairment be the employee's appearance, actions performance?	een shown in s or work	[]		pairment current, today, now?
[]	·		[]	[] Are the f situation per witnesses a firsthand info	ets reliable? Did you witness the onally, or are you sure that the reliable and have provided mation?
[]	[] Are the facts capable of docum	entation?	[]	[] Are the f	acts capable of explanation?
TA	KING ACTION				
	Reasonable cause established		Reaso	nable cause N	IOT established
	Refer to Drug Test	oyee Assistand	e Prog	ram (EAP)	No Further Action Required
Со	mments:				
_					
Pre	epared by (Name & Position):				
Als	o witnessed by (Name & Position):				
Sig					

Within 24 hours, email or fax to your TPA

Mobile Medical Corp <u>dglazer@mobmed.com</u> or fax 440.356.9238 SCT <u>ggrueser@sct.us.com</u> or fax 440.473.1586

Signs and Symptoms of substance use Alcohol **Opiates** Distinct smell on breath Isolation Staggering or swaying Retarded motor skills Slurred speech Nodding Impaired judgment Lots of MD apts and/or ER visits Red face Rubbing, scratching face/head Lowered inhibitions Vomiting/nausea Accident-prone Flu like symptoms (withdrawal) Risk taking Heroin Missing work All of the above plus Tardy Needle marks Loud, gregarious Wearing long sleeves in hot weather Amphetamines Illness Agitation Abscesses or extensive scaring on Talkative - broken sentences (brain moving faster than mouth Dealers around company property can keep up) Phencyclidine (PCP) Aggressive Crazy behavior! Moody Violent Falling asleep (coming off drug) Increased strength Needle marks (IV use) Psychotic/delusional Rapid weight loss Accidents Accidents Interpersonal problems Grinding jaw Barbiturates Missed work Falling asleep Lowered productivity Slow speech Accidents Cannabinoids (THC, marijuana) Red eyes Trouble focusing Distinct smell on cloths/hair after Droopy eyes Missed work smoking Difficulty taking direction Tardy Benzodiazepines (Valium, ProSom, Dull slow response Lack of motivation Librium, Halcion, Ativan, Xanax) Isolation Looks very much like alcohol Quiet without the smell Munchies - creates intense Lots of MD apts Vague complaints appetite Accidents Moody Lowered productivity **Emotional distress** Cocaine/Crack Slurred speech Agitation Absenteeism Talkative Lowered productivity Huge mood swings Blackouts (does not remember Financial problems things) Things missing Methadone Falling asleep (coming off drug) Same as opiates Runny or Bloody nose Propoxyphene (Darvon, Darvocet, etc.) Rapid weight loss Same as opiates Accidents

Grinding jaw Missed work